DIY Face Masks and Body Scrub Recipes

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Welcome to our blog we are so thankful for all your visits, likes and shares without you we wouldn't be here. On week 338 we are sharing information on DIY Face Masks and Body Scrub Recipes.

There are many products from various cosmetic companies in the world for you to choose from that are widely available in stores and online. This means you can afford to be picky when it comes to buying products that you're going to use on your skin. Everyone's skin is different and requires different care, but one thing is certain: exfoliation is a key component to beautiful glowing skin.

The market is flooded with skin products loaded with unhealthy chemicals, so it can be tricky to find products for the health-conscious consumer. Skincare manufacturers are forced to add artificial flavors, dyes, chemicals, and preservatives to prolong the shelf life of their products. Many of these ingredients may cause irritation, inflammation, and allergic reactions. So, should reading labels and selecting the right

Thankfully, the negative effects of additives and preservative chemicals in store-bought scrubs can all be avoided!

In this article, you won't be making commercial-grade scrubs found in stores or the ones you have tried in the past, such as coffee, oatmeal, sugar, etc. Instead, you will learn about lesser-known scrub recipes with organic ingredients that you already have in your fridge. Each ingredient has four recipes you can try that will do absolute wonders for your skin.

These proven recipes are effective for any skin type, and the components were given to us by nature itself! You don't have to head to the beauty superstore or go online to get your hands on these scrubs; you can make them yourself at home.

Always perform a patch test before you use any skincare, including the ones you make at home. Make sure you are not allergic to any of the fruits, vegetables, or herbs that are used in

these recipes before you apply or rub them on your skin.

Strawberries



Strawberries contain salicylic acid, which is a beta hydroxy acid useful for problematic skin. This makes it a wonderful ingredient for people who are battling with acne and blemishes. The powerful antioxidants in strawberries help skin stay healthy and radiant, especially improving the texture and appearance of aging skin by promoting the production of new cells. Not only are these strawberry recipes great for exfoliating skin, but they also have a pleasant aromatic property that will make your skin routine more enjoyable. This scrub is worthy of you!

Strawberries and skin

A high amount of vitamin C found in strawberries also helps to lighten the skin. One serving of strawberries has over 50% of your daily value of vitamin C that is a really good amount. When used topically, this amount of vitamin C is said to help reduce the appearance of dark spots while also helping to make dull skin look more refreshing and radiant.

I've dabbled in DIY beauty treatments myself all the time I love the idea that I can make a fresh product and apply it to my skin, the sweet beautiful be

"Strawberries, or fragriaria chiloensis extract, it is wonderful at hydrating the skin due to the high amount of carbohydrates it contains and skin protectant due to the antioxidants," says Dr. James Heskett, holistic MD, author of The Well Path and consultant for HydroPeptide. "It contains alpha-lipoic acid which is a potent antioxidant, which slows the aging of collagen elastin. Vitamin C is a potent antioxidant as well as being a key player in collagen synthesis."

In fact, strawberries give vitamin C superstar oranges a run for their money they have more of it. "It's different than orange vitamin C, which is more acidic, and therefore more exfoliating and less hydrating," says Dr. Heskett.

Varika P. even worked with skin-care brand Volition to capture her fave DIY beauty ingredient in the ease of serum for your skin's benefit. You can take the strawberry slices, apply to your face, and it would leave a thin, red, serum-like film it makes the skin glow. Every time, I always noticed an

improvement immediately after—my face would glow and look so much brighter."Strawberries are acidic in nature and this is effective to remove the excess sebum on the skin.

1. Strawberries and Fresh Cream Mask:

Take strawberry puree, mix with fresh cream (dry skin) or yogurt (oily skin) and add a tablespoon of honey. Apply all over the face, and leave it on for 10 minutes and wash with warm water. You can deep freeze and store this mask like how I regularly do. This Mask helps reduce Acne.

2. Strawberries & Lime Face Pack:

It helps in de-tanning your skin and lightens pigmentation marks on your skin. Mix strawberries and a tablespoon of lime juice. Apply all over the face for 15 minutes and wash off with warm water.

3. Strawberry & Chocolate Mask:

Mash strawberries along with a tablespoon cocoa powder and honey. Apply on face for 15 minutes and wash off with warm water. It helps to make your skin glow and also makes it soft.

4. Honey and Strawberry Face Mask:

Mash a few strawberries with a fork until it turns into a smooth paste. Add a tablespoon of honey and apply this mask for 15 minutes and wash with warm water. Honey is an antioxidant that helps to fight skin impurities and acne.

5. Blemish prone skin Strawberry Mask:

Mash quarter cup of ripe banana and strawberries, add to it, a quarter cup of sour cream or yogurt and a tablespoon of honey. Apply all over face; let it on for 1

6. Rice flour and Strawberry Face Pack:

Blend a few strawberries with a tablespoon of rice flour. Apply on face for 15 minutes before washing it away.

7. Strawberry Scrub:

Slice up a berry and rub it all over your face, its alpha hydroxyl acids have the excellent exfoliating ability. Let it sit on your face for a minute and wash off.

Recipe: 1

Strawberries. 6 pcs

Sweet almond oil. 3 tablespoon

Brown sugar* 3 tablespoons

Using a blender or food processor, blend the ingredients until the consistency is creamy and contains no big chunks of strawberry. Apply to wet skin in a circular massaging motion making sure to apply to areas that feel rough and dry. Rinse with warm water. This scrub is great for smoothing your complexion and adding a radiant glow to your skin.

Recipe: 2

Strawberries 10 pcs

Lemon 1 pc (juice) Honey 2 tablespoons

Yogurt 4 tablespoons

Use a blender or food processor to whip all these ingredients together into a foamy cream texture. Massage onto wet skin, focusing on problem areas and rinse with warm water. Pat skin to dry. This scrub is helpful for lightening discolored areas of skin, exfoliating dead cells, and has important antibacterial properties for blemishes or acne.

Recipe: 3

Strawberries 7 pcs

Fried oatmeal 2 tablespoon

Honey 2 tablespoons

Yogurt 2 tablespoons

Blend of food process these ingredients together into a mousse and lightly massage onto your wet skin, rinsing with warm water after application. This scrub is very calming and healing for the skin, helping rejuvenate irritated skin from acne or other conditions.

Recipe: 4

Strawberries 3 pcs

Heavy cream 1 tablespoon

Honey 2 tablespoons

Mix all ingredients and blend until smooth. Apply to wet skin, lighting massaging the scrub into your skin and then rinse off with warm water. The cream in this scrub nourishes and gives your skin softness and shine. The honey provides a natural antiseptic, helping cleanse the skin of microbes and dirt.

Bananas



Bananas are an excellent natural ingredient you can use to maintain the freshness and softness of your skin on your face and body.

The properties in bananas are an alternative to harmful chemicals found in many skincare products on the market.

Banana scrubs are useful for people with normal to dry skin, as well as for sensitive skin. Bananas contain a considerable amount of vitamin E, ascorbic acid, and antioxidants, which all provide rejuvenating effects, and help stop the inflammatory processes in the body. They can also help restore the cellular exchange, which can make small wrinkles appear less noticeable. Bananas can also help contribute to the regeneration of new cells, and restore the skin after exposure to sunlight.

Recipe: 1

Pureed Banana 2 teaspoons

Fried oatmeal 2 tablespoon

Honey 1 tablespoons

Milk 1 tablespoons

Blend everything in a blender or food processor until smooth. Massage lightly onto wet skin, and then rinse with warm water.

Recipe: 2

Pureed Banana 1 pcs

Plain yogurt 3 tablespoons

Honey 2 tablespoons

Recipe: 3

Pureed Banana 1 pcs

Cream 2 tablespoon

Honey 2 tablespoons

Recipe: 4

Pureed Banana 1 pcs

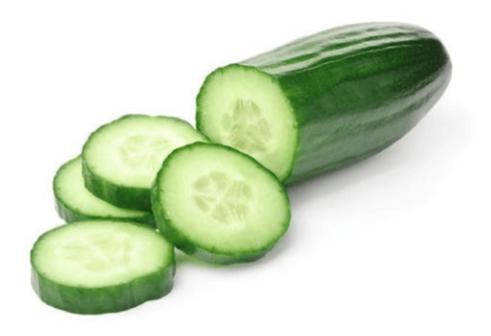
Lemon 1 pc (juice)

Honey 2 tablespoons

Plain yogurt 1 tablespoons

Banana scrubs are not recommended for storage in the refrigerator. They are best if used fresh, right after all ingredients are blended together.

Cucumber



Cucumbers are a wonder in the beauty world, and they are often found in cosmetics, especially skincare. They can smooth fine lines and wrinkles while supplying the skin with B vitamins.

Cucumbers can also help stimulate the production of collagen, while also helping tone the skin and moisturizes it. Cucumber juice is not only refreshing, but it can also brighten skin,

helping reduce the visibility of acne, freckles, and pigmented spots. Historically, it's been said that Cleopatra used to take long relaxing cucumber baths; clearly, she was on to something! The pH balance of a cucumber is similar to that of human skin; making it a gentle and natural ingredient you can use safely. With these recipes, you can use cucumbers for many years to come to keep your skin looking youthful, fresh and maintain the elasticity of your skin!

Recipe: 1

Cucumber 1 pc (chopped)

Fresh basil 5 leaves

Brown sugar* 5 tablespoons

Coconut oil 5 tablespoons (liquid)

Pulse ingredients in blender or food processor for 1 minute until the mixture becomes homogeneous. Light massage it on your wet skin, and rinse with warm water. This scrub exfoliates and moisturizes the skin, which can be done 2 times a week to maintain smoothness and elasticity. Enjoy the light and refreshing aroma of cucumbers as you scrub impurities away.

Recipe: 2

Cucumber 1 pc (chopped)

Fresh mint 6 leaves

Brown sugar* 6 tablespoons

Honey 1 tablespoons

Mix ingredients thoroughly, let it stand for 15 minutes, massage on the wet skin, then rinse with warm water. This scrub with mint reduces skin irritation, removes oil, and refreshes the skin.

Recipe: 3

Cucumber 1 pc (chopped)

Brown sugar* 5 tablespoon

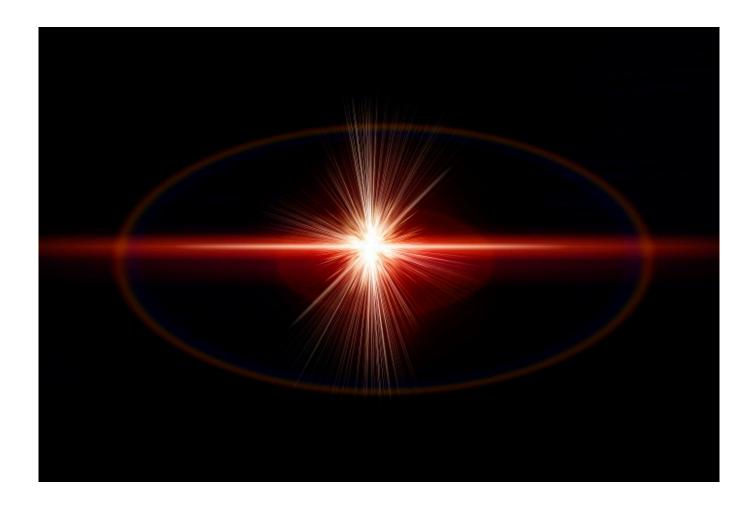
Mix all the ingredients in a blender or food processor and apply it to a wet face, carefully going around the eyes. This mask can improve the appearance of wrinkles. Keep the scrub on your face for 15 minutes, then rinse with warm water.

Use these scrubs after taking a shower using the warm water to open your pores, essential for enabling your skin to absorb ingredients. Using fruits and vegetables that are full of water on your skin can help improve the function of the epidermal layer and maintain the optimal moisture balance of your skin.

moisturized epidermis responds healthy better inflammation and helps to prevent and reduces the occurrence of blemishes. The application of these scrubs should be performed with a gentle massaging motion on the skin, helping to increase circulation while also toning rough areas. As the scrubs are washed away, so are impurities. Exfoliating regularly with these natural, homemade scrubs can help prevent your pores from becoming clogged with dead skin and oil. Moisturizing is responsible for 60% of your skin's appearance making these organic body scrubs great for anti-aging efforts. Well-moisturized skin retains softness and elasticity, and exfoliating your skin is the first step for optimal moisture retention. These wholly and all-organic scrubs are going to change your skincare routine for the better with every use!

Photon Light Therapy

What is a photon?



Welcome to our blog we are so thankful for all your visits, likes and shares without you we wouldn't be here.

On week 337 we are sharing information about photon, what it

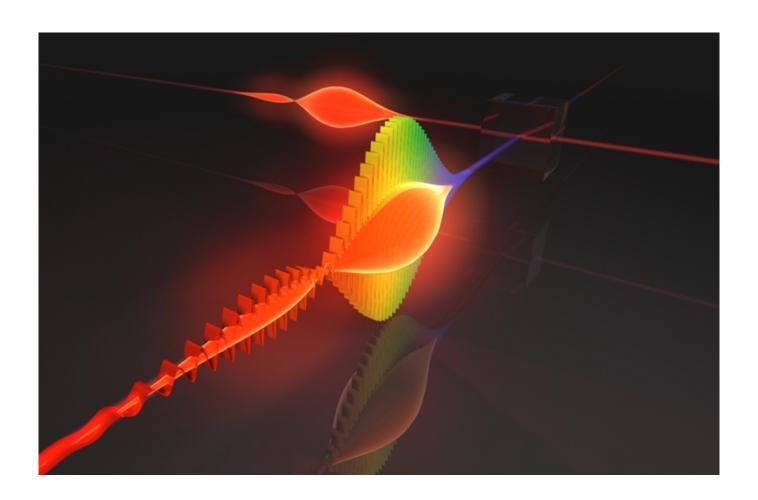
is, how it works and where to get some home machines, I been using photon machines for years and love them is machines for the body, facial hair, etc.

we receive questions and requests to blog about it and we wrote this post in a way that even do it has scientific information we still could share information that everyone could understand enjoy and please share and like if you do.

In physics, a photon is a bundle of electromagnetic energy. It is the basic unit that makes up all light. The photon is sometimes referred to as a "quantum" of electromagnetic energy.

Photons are not thought to be made up of smaller particles. They are a basic unit of nature called an elementary particle.

Properties of a Photon



Photons have some basic properties that help define what they are and how they behave. These properties include:

They have zero mass.

They have no electric charge.

They are stable.

They carry energy and momentum which are dependent on the

frequency.

They can have interactions with other particles such as electrons.

They can be destroyed or created by many natural processes. When in empty space, they travel at the speed of light.

Photons behave like particles in that they can interact with matter. In some cases, the energy of the photon is absorbed by the matter. In this case, the extra energy may be emitted as heat. One example of this is the blacktop of the road getting hot in the sun.

Our eyes also interact with photons. When a photon strikes the eye it is turned into electrical energy that is then transmitted to the brain to form an image.

When the energy from photons is absorbed by matter, the matter can emit electrons. This process is called the photoelectric effect. The photoelectric effect is a property of light that is not explained by the theory that light is a wave. This is one of the main reasons that scientists chose to treat light as both a wave and a stream of particles.

What is a Photon Beauty Machine?



Photon beauty machines are gadgets that you can use at home to help you fight the visible signs of aging and other skin problems such as:

Sagging skin, wrinkles, fine lines
Dry and dull skin
Dark spots
Flabby kin
Scarring from acne or stretch marks
Extremely oily skin
Enlarged pores

These devices lift the skin and help make them firmer and smoother. They stimulate the production of collagen to make your skin smooth, toned and invigorated. It is a highly recommended method of keeping your skin vibrant and younglooking as it is non-invasive and less expensive than facelifts, Botox, or facial surgeries.

A photon beauty machine is a hand-held device that uses LED lights (photon) as massage therapy for skin aging and other problems.

How Do Photon Beauty Machines Work?

Photon LED Light

LED (Light-Emitting Diode) lights are used by photon beauty

machines as a therapy to fight skin aging. They do this by sending out infrared lights to create heat in different wavelengths and spectrums to penetrate deep down your skin. Once your skin absorbs the lights, the healing begins.

It helps reduce inflammation and removes the bacteria that cause acne. Aside from being a great anti-aging proponent, this is ideal for people who are prone to acne, blackheads, and whiteheads. LED lights come in different colors that have different uses.

RED-generally used for skin healing. It tones down swelling, heals damaged skin, and lessens the chances of scarring. It stimulates the growth of your skin to give you smoother and softer skin.

BLUE-used for the control of oil production. It has calming properties to help ease the signs of stressed skin. Perfect for those with sensitive skin and those prone to acne.

GREEN-this also has anti-inflammatory and anti-bacterial properties, but it is mainly used for rejuvenating your skin. It fights free radicals and improves your overall texture.



What Are Biophotons?

Biophotons, or ultra-low photon emissions of biological systems, are low electromagnetic waves in the optical range of the spectrum — in other words: light. ALL living cells of

plants, animals and human beings emit Biophotons, which can NOT be seen by the naked eye but can be measured by special equipment developed by German researchers.

This light emission is an expression of the functional state of the living organism and its measurement, therefore can be used to assess this state. After an initial decade and a half of basic research on this discovery, biophysicists of various European and Asian countries are now exploring the MANY interesting applications, which range across such diverse fields as non-invasive early medical diagnosis, food, and water quality testing, chemical and electromagnetic contamination testing, cell communication, and various applications in biotechnology.

According to the Biophoton theory developed on the base of these discoveries the Biophoton light is stored in the cells of the organism — more precisely, in the DNA molecules of their nuclei — and a dynamic web of light constantly released and absorbed by the DNA may connect cell organelles, cells, tissues, and organs within the body and serve as the organism's main communication network and as the principal regulating instance for ALL life processes. The processes of morphogenesis, growth, differentiation, and regeneration are also explained by the structuring and regulating the activity of the coherent Biophoton field. The holographic Biophoton field of the brain and the nervous system, and maybe even that of the WHOLE organism, may also be the basis of memory and consciousness, as postulated phenomena o f neurophysiologist Karl Pribram and others. The consciousnesslike coherence properties of the Biophoton field are closely related to its base in the properties of the physical vacuum and indicate it's possible role as an interface to the nonphysical realms of mind, psyche, and consciousness.

The discovery of Biophoton emission also lends scientific support to some unconventional methods of healing based on concepts of homeostasis (self-regulation of the organism),

such as various somatic therapies, homeopathy, and acupuncture. The "chi" energy flowing in our bodies' energy channels (meridians), which according to Traditional Chinese Medicine regulates our body functions may be related to node lines of the organism's Biophoton field. The "prana" of Indian Yoga physiology may be a similar regulating energy force, that has a basis in low, coherent electromagnetic Biophoton fields.



Background Of Biophotons

First discovered in 1923 by Russian medical scientist Professor Alexander G.Gurvich (who named them "mitogenic rays") and in the 1930s widely researched in Europe and the USA, Biophotons have been rediscovered and backed since the 1970s by ample experimental and theoretical evidence by European scientists. In 1974 German biophysicist Fritz-Albert Popp has proved their existence, their origin from the DNA and later their coherence (laser-like nature), and has developed Biophoton theory to explain their possible biological role and the ways in which they may control biochemical processes, growth, differentiation, etc. Popp's Biophoton theory leads to MANY startling insights into the life processes and may well provide one of the MAJOR elements of a future theory of life and holistic medical practice based on such an approach. The importance of the discovery has been confirmed by eminent scientists, such as Herbert Froehlich and Nobel laureate Ilya Prigogine. Since 1992, the International Institute of Biophysics, a network of research laboratories in more than 10 countries, based in Germany, is coordinating research in this field of Biophotons, which promises rapid development in the



next decade.

<u>Handheld LED Photon Skin Care</u> Device

How is LED Photon Therapy Performed?

One of the best things about this type of therapy is the ease of use and safety, both of which allow it to be done at home. These can be purchased directly from trusted manufacturers or through dermatology offices. When this device is being used at home, it is critical to use it exactly as instructed in the included instructions.

The majority of these devices require treatment sessions to last approximately 30 minutes each time. Most are used twice a day. To use the device, the user simply turns it on and adheres to all instructions in how to apply the treatment to the skin. The handheld devices that are generally sold for home-use actually tend to be more effective than the non-handheld devices often seen in skincare clinics. This is because they are applied directly to the skin which helps to ensure greater absorption.

In many cases, a photosensitizing agent is applied prior to performing a treatment. How long it takes for this agent to absorb and be ready for treatment will depend on the agent used. Most do not take long, so there really is no extra time added when using one of these.

Are There Any Side Effects With LED Photon Therapy?

With this type of therapy, side effects, if they even occur, are minimal. Slight irritation and redness can occur, however, these are generally experienced by those that have sensitive skin. If a photosensitizing agent is used along with this therapy, it is possible for swelling, flareups, redness and crusting to occur. These are typically temporary and will diminish with continued use.

UV light is also a part of this therapy, however, the amount used is very low. This means that it is considered to be safe. To put it simply, skin cancer should not be a concern of those using this therapy because the UV light is just not strong enough. To ensure maximum safety, one should wear UV goggles to protect the retinas.

When a photosensitizing agent is used prior to performing a therapy, it is important to avoid sunlight following the treatment. In general, avoid long periods of sun exposure before you use this product.



Photon Therapy Facial Salon Skin Care Treatment Machine

Is LED Photon Therapy Safe to Use With

Other Skincare Treatments?

For the most part, this therapy can be safely used along with other skin care treatments, both natural and medicinal. This is a very safe skincare therapy and can be safely and effectively combined with just about every other skincare treatment, however, to ensure absolute safety it is important to talk to a doctor before administering treatment.

What are the benefits of Light treatments?

- Increased circulation
- Promotes collagen production
- Restoration of skin's natural cellular activity
- Encourages a natural chemical reaction within the skin, uniting hydrogen and oxygen to create moisture

What results can you expect?

- Skin surface becomes toned and youthful
- □• Delivers a healthy glow resulting from total□ skin rejuvenation
- □ Increased inner skin firmness

- $\square \bullet$ Promotes anti-stress and overall feeling of wellness
- Accelerates skin repair
- Healthier circulation



7 Color Wireless LED Mask For Face and Neck

Photon (bio-light) is a continuous spectrum that around 400nm to 1200nm. Simultaneously send out many kinds of light that

effectively remedy different kinds of skin problems.

The Nanometer Photon is a non-invasive cold light without any side effects.

The photon may activate the human cell at 5 times of the growing speed, helps to convert the Glucose to ATP. The cell Metabolism

energy rises, consequently stimulates collagen growth. Different Types of Photon have different effects improvement on skin.

This ionizer function proceeds the ion cleaning, as the head detector produces massive positive ion charges,

Skin accumulates dirt, like fat, air pollution, dust, and cosmetic residues, etc. The machine

Thus effectively

eliminates in-depth dirt to achieve an in-depth cleaning effect.

Besides the device can also enhance circulation and activates lymphatic system cells and resume skin vigor and metabolism effectively. The positive ion current also channels the ingredients of the nutrient to deeper levels of the skin. By that renews and activates skin elasticity. Enhances moister absorption.

Effect:

Red light:

Has a relatively long wavelength [600 - 700 nm. (visible - near-infrared)], a slower vibration and a lower frequency, than all other colors.

In energy effects, it is the most stimulating of the color rays and is related to Blood, Root (Base) Chakra, Physical Sensations and Fire energy in the theory of the Chinese 5 elements.

It is suitable for all skin. Promotes blood circulation and collagen regeneration, so that the skin appears smoother, hydrated through improving dry skin, peeling and scar treatments. Hair follicles have been claimed to stimulate and re-grow — alopecia showed some improvements.

Red frequencies/infrared are also used for skin rejuvenation, wound healing, skin toning, skin smoothing, muscular aches and pains, carpal tunnel syndrome, frozen shoulder, arthritis and body ulcers.

- Suitable for any skin to achieve a healthy glow.
- Promotes blood circulation.
- Regenerates collagen, making skin healthier.

Blue light:

Has a wavelength of 450-475nm. The Blue light activates the bacteria-fighting militia called porphyrins. The porphyrins start a chemical reaction that produces peroxide, which destroys the acne bacteria. The bacteria are destroyed by a thermal reaction. It also enhances collagen rejuvenation.

Blue color light is suitable for sensitive, oily skin and eases acne bacteria, assisting the removal of acne. Promoting collagen and bone protein synthesis, activates the health of the skin, tightening slack skin and firming.

Blue light assists in relieving sunburn, pimples, and acne. Heal's enlarged pores from blackheads and facial scarring.

Blue frequencies are also used for inflammation, acne, cold sores, pimples, bumps, spots, and mouth ulcers.

- Suitable for sensitive, oily skin and dehydrated skin.
- Assists in reducing acne bacteria, resulting in the removal of acne.
- Promotes bone collagen protein synthesis.
- Activates the skin, resulting in a tightening of lax skin.
- It can be used to stimulate the Yintang point (in between the eyebrows) to create a sedative effect, relaxing the body and mind.
- Soothes pain.
- Calms bleeding.

Yellow light:

Reduce spots and freckles, restrain melanin. Treats redness, and is also used for its soothing, draining and detoxifying

properties. It improves the lymph and blood circulation system. For clients with markedly sagging facial muscles

Green light:

Improve sensitive skin, shrink skin pores. Reduces pigmentation through penetration into the basal layer.

Purple light:

Dispel and restrain superfluous hair on the body. This will plump and tighten skin to reduce wrinkles and fine lines.

For clients in pain at the time of treatment

White light:

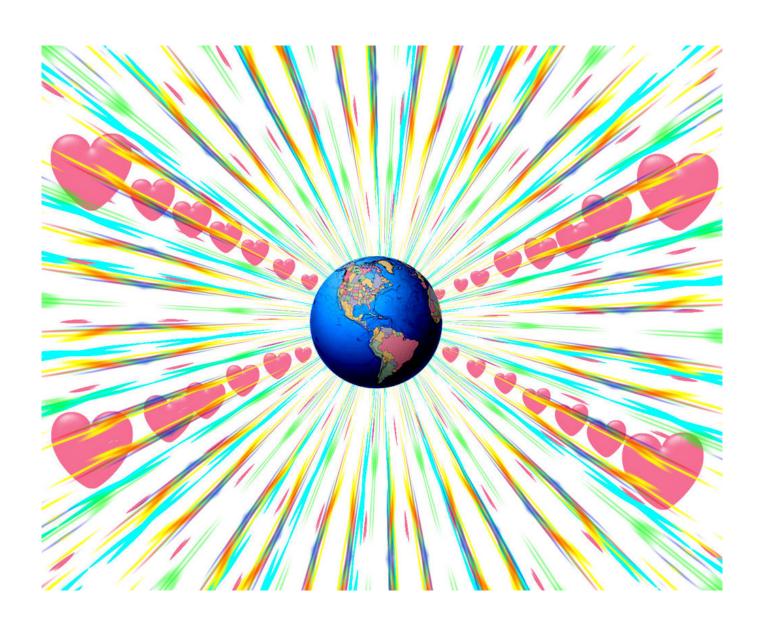
Dispels inflammation and get rid of pimples and dermatitis conditions. A full range and contains all colors so it produces A composite of the benefits for the primary colors.

Light Blue:

Dispel and restrain small wrinkles and crow's-feet. Improves acne-prone skin with its purifying and anti-bacterial properties, reduces the amount of oil in the pores and aids in improving a clear complexion

Valentine's celebrations from around the world

Valentine's celebrations from around the world



you all the LOVE that you deserve. Enjoy the day and feel the love for everything around you, let your sense of love and joy expand to everything including the universe. We thank you again for the support, the likes, and shares. We are very grateful to them. Much love to you from all of us.

This post contains affiliate links which may generate revenue for the site when a purchase is made.

https://youtu.be/CaRgHQjC1WE

Valentines Day Facts & History

When I think of any celebrations I am always curious about the customs of people all over the world, so for that reason, we

did this post in honor of many cultures. We would like to include every culture of the world, but for obvious reasons, it is not a true possibility due to the fact that not all cultures celebrate Valentine's day for one and the other reason we discover along the years of sharing posts is that peoples attention span is short. So we decide to keep the posts to a certain length, so if we skip your culture celebration please contact us through email and we will be glad to add it, it feels right. Many people have commented on how much they have learned in past years about different traditions and many are mixing theirs with the new information of other cultures and now they have a whole different unique way to celebrate their Valentine's day. We love it, being the fact that it should be unique, that's what love is about. We all have different perceptions and needs, that is why we are INDIVIDUALS, right? Anyway, we love to share these different cultures and their celebrations with you, and please share and like it if you do.

When we look at the history of Valentine's Day what we see is obscure, and further clouded by various fanciful legends. Research shows that the holiday's roots are in the ancient Roman festival of Lupercalia, a fertility celebration commemorated annually on February 15. Pope Gelasius, I recast this pagan festival as a Christian feast day circa 496, declaring February 14 to be St. Valentine's Day.

Most scholars believe that the St. Valentine of the holiday was a priest who attracted the disfavor of Roman emperor Claudius II around 270. And at this stage, the facts end and the mythic begins. So according to one legend, Claudius II had prohibited marriage for young men, claiming that bachelors made better soldiers, how about that for control! Valentine continued to secretly perform marriage ceremonies but was eventually apprehended by the Romans and put to death. Another legend has it that Valentine, imprisoned by Claudius, fell in love with the daughter of his jailer. And before he was

executed, he allegedly sent her a letter signed "From your Valentine." Probably the most plausible story surrounding St. Valentine is one not focused on Fros (passionate love) but on agape (Christian love): he was martyred for refusing to renounce his religion.

In the year 1969, the Catholic Church revised its liturgical calendar, removing the feast days of saints whose historical origins were questionable. St. Valentine was one of the casualties and that is one of many stores about St. Valentine that we came across.

http://www.infoplease.com/spot/valentinesdayhistory.html

Valentines Day in the Middle Ages

Valentine's Day festival gained much popularity during the Middle Ages. It is said that lovers began to celebrate the day by exchanging love notes and simple gifts such as flowers. The idea of linking Valentine's Day with love in the Middle Ages was strengthened by the notion that birds began to look for a mate during this time interesting comparison wouldn't you say?. Various legends related to the festival including that of Feast of Lupercalia and martyrdom of Saint Valentine further lead to the increase in the popularity of Valentine's Day festival.

The beginning of Birds Mating Season

During the Middle Ages, it was commonly believed in France and England that birds mating season began from February 14. This popular notion added to the idea that the middle of the February celebration of Valentine's Day should be celebrated as a day of love and romance. Fourteenth and fifteenth centuries English and French poets and litterateurs through their romantic verses further promoted the concept of linking Valentine's day with romantic love. For instance, a verse by Dame Elizabeth Brews says,

And, cousin mine, upon Monday is Saint Valentine's Day and every bird chooses himself a mate, and if it like you to come on Thursday night and make provision that you may abide till then, I trust to God that ye shall speak to my husband and I shall pray that we may bring the matter to a conclusion.

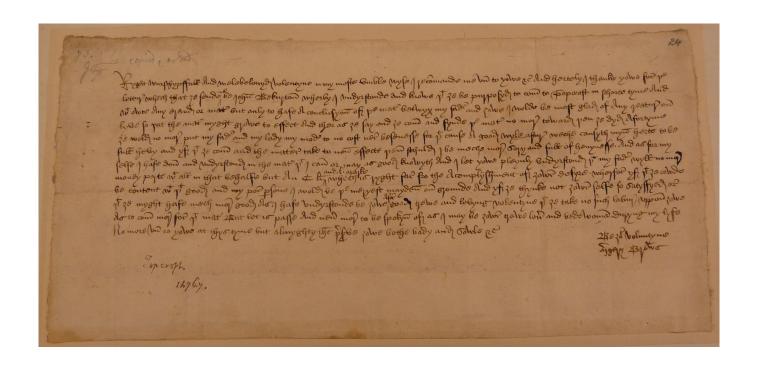
Geoffrey Chaucer in the 14th century, "Parlement of Foules" writes

"For this was sent on Seynt Valentine's day'

When every foul cometh there to choose his mate"

These popular verses further helped to create a romantic image of Valentine's Day festival during the Middle Ages. Lovers, therefore, began to celebrate Valentine's Day by expressing love to their sweethearts with an exchange of love notes and simple gifts such as flowers and the gifts of the heart.

The First Valentine's Day Card



The first known Valentine card is said to have been written in 1415 by Charles, Duke of Orleans to his wife while he was imprisoned in the Tower of London following his capture at the Battle of Agincourt. The greeting is part of the manuscript collection of the British Library in London, England.

Historians also say that Saint Valentine of Rome also sent a letter signed "From your Valentine", to his sweetheart who was the jailer's daughter a day before he was to be executed. This phrase is still popular amongst lovers and it continues to live through the centuries.

Legends influencing Valentines Day Celebration in Middle Ages

One very popular legend of Valentine's Day states that the festival originated from the Feast of Lupercalia — a fertility festival celebrated in mid-February by ancient Roman during pagan times. The festival paired young boys and girls through a lottery system who would fall in love and marry.

Another legend states that a priest called St Valentine lived in Rome during the reign of Emperor Claudius II. Valentine defied the orders of Claudius order that banned engagements and marriages in Rome and secretly married young boys and girls. Saint Valentine was executed by Claudius on February 14, 498 AD. Over the period of time, St Valentine became the patron saint of lovers and they began to celebrate his martyrdom by expressing love for their beloved and exchanging love notes, so many legends.



The Meaning of Cupid

from: http://www.romanceclass.com

While Cupid is not believed to be a real person, Cupid was the cherub of Love to ancient Romans, and many Italians believed in his powers. Even in the modern world, references to Cupid and his bow and arrows of love are found everywhere on Valentine's Day's cards, candy, pastries and much more.

Cupid was not initially the cherubic, happy little angel that we think of today. In his original incarnation, he was a very mischievous, sometimes dark cherub of love and desire who enjoyed matching 'odd couples' and seeing how they worked out.

Cupid eventually fell under his own spell of odd matches. He fell in love with Psyche, a mortal. In the Greek language, Psyche means "butterfly" and also means "soul". In many ways, what Psyche goes through is symbolic of the path of each woman's soul in life.

Cupid had actually been sent by his mother, Venus, to punish Psyche for her beauty. Instead, he was captivated by her and fell deeply in love. He will arrange to have her brought to his mountain home to live with him, but he hid his identity from her, and only visit her at night. Their time together was so tender and full of gentle talk and loving moments that Psyche fell in love with Cupid.

Psyche's jealous sisters were angered by her wealth and love and convinced Psyche that her lover must be a bad person to so hide. The sisters persuaded her to sneak up on him after he left her one evening, armed with a knife. He awoke and saw her there, and said sadly, "I inflict no other punishment on you than to leave you forever. Love cannot dwell with suspicion." Wow that is so true love never lives were is

suspicion, doubt or any kind of negative feelings that contradict the concept of love, good lesson.

Psyche realized how foolish she'd been, and decided the only way to be with Cupid again was to go talk to Venus and ask for her blessing. Venus was delighted at having Psyche kneeling down before her, and set forth many tasks for Psyche to perform to prove her worthiness, Humm! that's one way to get things done. Each task was more than Psyche thought she could manage, but in each case, a God stepped in to assist her. Finally, Psyche and Cupid were allowed to be married. They were very happy together, and had a child, named Pleasure., what a heartfelt story.

From: http://www.novareinna.com/festive/valworld.html

Australia



It is said during the Australian gold rush period, miners who were suddenly in possession of money from the new-found wealth of the Ballarat Mines were willing to pay a princely sum for elaborate valentines and merchants in the country would ship orders amounting to thousands of pounds at a time. The most extravagant Australian valentines were made of a satin cushion, perfumed and decorated in an ornate manner with flowers and colored shells. Some might even be adorned with a taxidermied hummingbird or bird of paradise. This treasure, contained within a neatly decorated box, was highly valued, being both fashionable and extremely expensive.

Austria



Austria celebrates Valentine's Day in the way any other developed country enjoys it. The American influence on Austrian culture is profound and it's believed that Americans introduced the whole concept of Valentine's Day to Austria. Austria is famous for the dance to waltz and hotels offer three nights from Valentine's Day in Vienna with a fairytale ball thrown in. The fun will take place in a beautiful Italian Renaissance building in Vienna's Stadtpark named `Wiener Kursalon', with holidaymakers dancing to famous waltzes of Johann Strauss' along with popular opera as well as modern pop music. Austria follows the popular customary rituals of

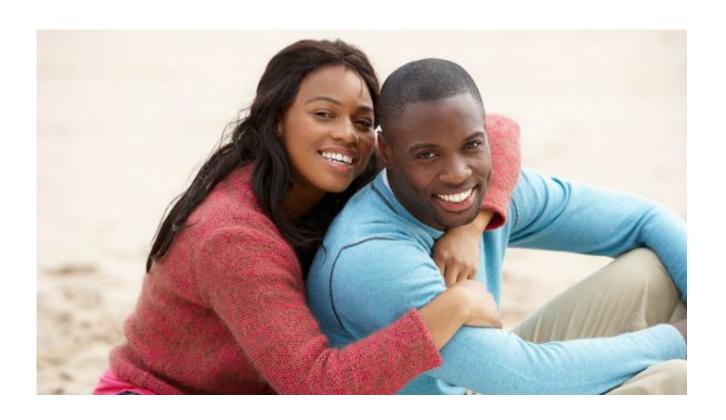
Valentine's Day such as greeting cards, flower bouquets, and gift baskets.

It has become a tradition in Austria for a young man to present his loved one with a bunch of red flowers Valentine's Day. Red flowers are considered as the symbol of love from ancient times. It still rules the valentine minds in Austria as it does in another part of the world. Lovers exchange flower bouquets on Valentine's Day in Austria. Red roses and red tulips are the most favorite flowers that make the most valentines's flower bouquets on Valentine's Day. As flowers, chocolate candies draw smiles o n sweethearts' faces. Austrian women give chocolate candies as Valentine's gifts. People prefer homemade chocolate cookies than the ones which they can purchase from the stores. Austria being a land of music, where Beethoven and Mozart breathed music, has a lot of musical concerts takes place on Valentine's Day.

Musicians of different bands and of different genres come to Vienna, the capital city of Austria to play the music of love on that day. Restaurants in Austria offer romantic valentine dinner arrangements on the day. These restaurants get decorated to make them look slicker for lovers. They offer a delicious and exotic food menu on the day. Austrian food is almost a mixture of Bohemian, Hungarian and Austrian dishes, like goulash, different kinds of veal and beef and sweet dessert. This helps the lovers to enjoy Valentine's evening with soft romantic music and nice food. When a lot of people are using the traditional gift methods of Valentine's Day while Austrian youngsters use email, SMS, and E-cards to send their love messages. Austrian nightlife is rocking with umpteen number of beer pubs welcoming lovers on Valentine's Day. It is an exotic experience to celebrate Valentine's day in Austria.

Austria has some rather obscure courtship customs that may or may not be associated with Saint Valentine's Day. Nonetheless, it is customary for a young man to present his beloved with a bunch of flowers on February 14.

Bohemian, Hungarian and Austrian dishes, like goulash, different kinds of veal and beef and sweet dessert. This helps the lovers to enjoy Valentine's evening with soft romantic music and nice food. When a lot of people are using the traditional gift methods of Valentine's Day while Austrian youngsters use email, SMS, and E-cards to send their love messages. Austrian nightlife is rocking with umpteen number of beer pubs welcoming lovers on Valentine's Day. It is an exotic experience to celebrate Valentine's day in Austria.



United States

In the United States of America, there have been so many varieties of cards given over the course of the years. In the times of the Civil War, cards were flagged with rich colors

accompanied by patriotic political motifs. Early American valentine cards were especially lithographed and hand-colored, beautiful and very distinctive in design, they were produced with intricate lace paper and decorated with such ornaments as beads, seashells, cones, berries twigs and all manner of seeds. Cards were also available decorated with seaweed or moss, in addition to dried artificial flowers, all of which were attached to a string that was pulled and could then be suspended, thereby creating a three-dimensional picture. For the most part, many early American cards were imported from abroad, given the poor quality of American paper at the time which was not particularly suitable for embossing.

In the United States and Canada, Valentine's Day is an extremely popular festival. Here, the day is observed as a holiday. Originally held to honor St Valentine and express love to sweethearts, the theme of the day has come to be so widened that it has now become an occasion to express gratitude and love to not only sweethearts and spouses, but also to teachers, parents or any other close relation or acquaintance. The modern celebrations of the day see people complementing their dear ones with gifts that include popular items as cards, fresh flowers like rose, chocolates and candies jewelry and much more. Dinner and dance parties are specially organized all over the country to celebrate the occasion. Many couples hold private celebrations in homes or restaurants and gift flowers, a box of candy, or some other present to one another. Sending candies on Valentine's Day has been a very popular tradition and it still is.

In the US, children celebrate Valentine's Day with great enthusiasm. To keep their interest, many schools hold Valentine's Day programs where little students perform songs, dance, skits, and plays. Kids handcraft gifts and cards on this occasion and present them to their friends and teachers. In some schools, the children organize a classroom party and put all the valentines into a box they have decorated. In dos

cases, the celebration culminates with a teacher or child distributing the cards. Older students construct candy baskets and gifts, and place on them cards trimmed with hearts, cherubs winged children called cupids. They also organize dances and parties. A collective endeavor is made to make the day a special one.

Canada



Valentine's Day festival is celebrated with much enthusiasm in

Canada. Valentine's Day balls and parties are organized all over the country where people express love for their spouses and sweethearts and enjoy to the hilt. Roses, chocolates, candies, and cards are the most popular gifts for the romantic occasion.

As a tradition, children in Canada exchange Valentine's Day gifts with their friends. In several schools, classroom Valentine's Day Parties are organized where children put all the valentines in a decorated box. Later, a teacher or a child distributes the cards. Kids are encouraged to prepare handmade valentine as a school activity. Many children also gift fancy Valentine's Day cards to parents and teachers. Songs, skits, plays, and concerts are also organized by schools and societies to celebrate Valentine's Day. Students in senior school hold Valentine's Day dance parties to cherish the joyful festival, how fun.

Britain



The poets of Britain have probably written the majority of the best-loved romantic verses that are associated with Saint Valentine. In the different regions of the nation, they celebrate their own customs to honor this day, the sending of cards and gifts, flowers and chocolates is, for the most part, the standard procedure throughout the entire country. One custom that is uniform is the singing of special songs by children, who then receive gifts of candy, fruit or money. In

some areas, valentine buns are baked with caraway seeds, plums or raisins yum!.

In Britain, St Valentine's Day is celebrated with great fanfare. Like in many other countries, the common celebrations of the day with gifts like flowers, cards, chocolates and so many more special items. The traditions of the celebrations of Valentine's Day differ in different regions of the country but one uniform custom is the singing of special songs by children. All over Britain, many children sing special songs related to the occasion and are rewarded with gifts like candy, fruit, and money. This is believed to be a way of celebrating agrarian productivity. This connection with fertility and similar date of celebration are probably the reasons why many writers link the festival of Lupercalia with Valentine's Day.

Composing a great variety of verses is another very well-known Valentine's Day custom of Britain. About a month earlier to Valentine's Day, leading tabloids and reputed magazines publish sonnets and verses to commemorate this occasion. The tradition owes its origin to the British poets who have written some of the best love poems and the majority of the romantic verses associated with Saint Valentine.



Denmark



The Danish valentine card is known as a "lover's card." Older versions of this greeting came in the form of transparency which, when held up to the light, depicted the image of a lover handing his beloved a gift and still you can find it. One custom in Denmark is for people to send pressed white flowers called Snowdrops to their friends. Danish men may also send a form of Valentine known as a gaekkebrev (or "joking letter") leave it up yo guys right?. The sender of this gaekkebrev pens a rhyme but does not sign his name. Instead, he signs the message with dots…one dot for each letter in his name. If the lady who receives the card guesses the name of the sender, then she is rewarded with an Easter Egg later in the year, pretty playful I love it.

In Denmark, February 14 is mainly a day for the young. It's a time for romance and exchanging of love tokens. Here, the festival is celebrated in a very conventional manner. Young people send to their beloveds a valentine's card on this occasion. The Danish valentine card is famously known as a "lover's card". Earlier, these came in the form of transparent cards which, when kept before light, reflected the picture of a lover handing over a wonderful present to his beloved. Nowadays, many newer varieties of lover's cards have come up and every year before Valentine's Day card shops all across the country are seen to be stacked up with colorful and musical lover's cards containing lovely Valentine messages. Another Danish Valentine's Day custom is to send pressed white flowers called Snowdrops to friends. The season of love is also a time for fun what with many Danish men sending to their ladylove a form of Valentine known as a gaekkebrev (or "joking letter"). This gaekkebrev is a type of romantic letter that contains a rhyme penned by the sender himself. The fun part of this custom is that the letter doesn't have the name of the sender. Instead, the lover signs the message with dots…one dot for each letter in his name. If the lady whom he sends the gaekkebrev correctly guesses his name, he rewards her with an Easter egg during Eastertide.

France



In France, a custom known as "drawing for" once occurred. Unmarried individuals, both young and not so young, would go into houses facing each other and begin calling out across from one window to another, pairing-off with the chosen partner. If the young man failed to be particularly enthralled with his valentine, he would desert her. As a result, a

bonfire would be lit later where the ladies could burn images of the ungrateful sweetheart and verbally abuse him in a loud tone as the effigy burned. This ritual was eventually abandoned since it left much room for nastiness, ridicule or even outright malice and the French government finally handeddown a decree officially banning the custom. Elegant French greetings cards known as cartes d'amities, which contained tender messages, were given not totally as a Valentine but chiefly as a result of a fashion which was popular in England at the time.

Valentine's Day Festival is celebrated with joy and enthusiasm in France. People take the opportunity of the occasion and express love to people close to them. Just as in several other countries people in France exchange Valentine's Day greetings through cards, fresh flowers, and gifts of love.

History of Valentine's Day in France

History of Valentine's Day Festival has a strong association with France. It is said that during the Middle Ages, there was a popular belief in France and England that birds began to mate halfway through the second month of the year. For this reason, lovers saw the day special and considered it auspicious to exchange love letters and tokens of love on Valentine's Day. During the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, French and English poets and litterateurs too stressed on this idea and created a romantic image of the day in the minds of the people.

Valentine's Day Cards too are said to have originated in France. A young Frenchman, Charles, Duke of Orleans is said to

have written the first written Valentine's Day Cards. The Duke who was captured at the Battle of Agincourt in 1415 is said to have written a poem or 'Valentine' to his wife while imprisonment in the Tower of London.

Valentine's Day Custom in France

People in France once followed a peculiar Valentine's Day custom called "drawing for". Unmarried young and old people would go into houses facing each other and begin calling out across from one window to another and pair off with their chosen partner. If the young man failed to be particularly enthralled with his valentine, he would desert her. A bonfire would be lit later where ladies would burn images of their ungrateful lovers and hurl abuses at them. The ritual was eventually abandoned as it left much room for nastiness and ridicule. French government handed down a decree and officially banned the custom.

There was also a custom in France to exchange elegant cards containing tender messages called cartes d'amities. These were not essentially Valentine and resulted chiefly due to a trend popular in England.

Germany



In Germany, it has become customary for the young man of a courting couple to present his beloved with flowers on February 14. Valentine gifts in Germany are usually in the shape of love tokens, complete with endearing messages. However, these are not distributed solely on Valentine's Day,

but on any occasion. Even early German baptismal certificates or marriage certificates were considered at one time to have been valentines but were more likely simply decorative and pictorial documents that contained lovely verses.

The German celebration of Valentine's Day is nearly the same as elsewhere in the world. For Germans, the festival is a celebration of love and a time to spend with their sweethearts. In Germany, it is customary for a young man to present his beloved with flowers on February 14. Valentine gifts in Germany are usually in the shape of love tokens, complete with lovely messages. But these are not entirely restricted to Valentine's Day celebrations and can be gifted on any occasion of a joyous nature.

Italy



In Italy, Valentine's Day was once celebrated as a Spring Festival, held in the open air, where young people would gather in tree arbors or ornamental gardens to listen to music and the reading of poetry. However, over the course of the years, this custom steadily ceased and has not now been celebrated for centuries. In Turin, it was formerly the custom

for betrothed couples to announce their engagements on February 14. For several days ahead of time, the stores would be decorated and filled with all manner of bonbons.

Romantic Festival of Valentine's Day is celebrated with enthusiasm in the beautiful country of Italy. Lovers take the opportunity of the day to express love and affection for their beloved. Loads of Valentine's Day gifts are exchanged and everyone enjoys the day to the hilt.

History of Valentine's Day in Italy

Valentine's Day was initially celebrated as a Spring Festival in Italy. A celebration of the day was held in the open air. Young people would gather in tree arbors or ornamental gardens and enjoy listening to music and reading of poetry. Later they would stroll off with their Valentine into the gardens. The custom steadily ceased over the course of years and has not been celebrated for centuries.

Early Valentine's Day Tradition in Italy

In the Italian City of Turin, betrothed couples used to announce their engagement on Valentine's Day. Several days ahead of February 14, stores were decorated and loaded with a huge variety of bon-bon. Some even sold china baskets and cups filled with delectable Valentine's Day candies and tied with a ribbon. These were to be presented as gifts to Valentine.

Another interesting Valentine's Day tradition followed in Italy and Britain made unmarried girls wake up before sunrise.

People strongly believed that the first man an unmarried girl sees on Valentine's Day, or someone who looks like him would marry her within a year. Girls, therefore, used to wake up early on Valentine's Day and stand by their window to watch a man pass.

Valentine's Day Celebration in Italy

People of Italy see Valentine's Day as a holiday imported from the US, just like Halloween and Mother's Day. For the love and lovers country of Italy, the major day for the celebration of love is **il giorno della festa degli innamorati**. As lovers' exclusively celebrate this day family members and friends do not exchange gifts.

In recent times, however, lovers in Italy celebrate Valentine's Day by expressing their love to sweethearts. Couples usually go out for dinners at pizzeria or ristorante. Just as in several other countries, the festival has been commercialized to a great extent. There is a strong tradition to exchange gifts like a rose, perfume, chocolates, and diamonds depending on the age and taste of the person. Another popular Valentine's Day gift in Italy is Baci Perugina — small, chocolate-covered hazelnut containing a small slip of paper with a romantic poetic quote in four languages.

In Italy, Valentine's Day was once celebrated as a Spring Festival. It used to be held in the open air, where young people would gather in brightly decorated gardens to listen to music and the reading of poetry. This custom, however, steadily ceased with the passage of time and has been out of practice for a long long time. In modern-day Italy, Valentine's Day is mainly seen as a holiday imported from the US, just like Halloween, Father's Day or Mother's Day. The day

is celebrated mainly by the young people who take this opportunity to profess love to their sweethearts the American way with gifts like perfume, chocolates, flowers, cards or jewelry. The day is seen here earmarked exclusively for lovers, and hence, family members and friends do not exchange gifts. Couples usually go out for dinners at pizzeria or ristorante which ends with lovers' giving gifts to each other. A popular Valentine's Day gift in Italy is Baci Perugina — a small, chocolate-covered hazelnut containing a small slip of paper with a romantic poetic quote in four languages.

Japan



In Japan, Valentine's Day is celebrated on two different dates...February 14 and March 14. On the first date, the female gives a gift to the male and on the second date...known as White Day and supposedly introduced by a marshmallow company in the 1960s...the male has to return the gift he received on February 14. Thus, strictly speaking, a Japanese female has the luxury

of actually choosing her own gift. Chocolate is the most popular gift in Japan. However, since most Japanese females believe that store-bought chocolate is not a gift of true love, they tend to make connections with their own hands.

In Japan, Valentine's Day is observed on February 14 but the celebration of love truly ends on March 14, known as the "White Day". On the first date, women present chocolates or gifts to the men they love to express their feelings for them. Gifting chocolates is a typical way to celebrate Valentine's day in Japan for chocolate is the most popular gift in the country. Hence, it is a must for Japanese Valentine's Day celebrations. Gift shops all over Japan pile their shelves with chocolate a month before Valentine's Day. Most Japanese females believe, however, that store-bought chocolate is not a gift of true love. Hence, they tend to make the confection all by themselves.

But it's also common for women to give chocolates to any man close to them, such as co-workers and male friends, whom they don't actually love. This kind of chocolate gift is called chocolates Giri-choco which means given because o f gifts obligations. Men who receive chocolates or Valentine's day are supposed to return the favor to the women on March 14, exactly a month after Valentine's Day. Also known as "White Day", this is the time when men are to give back a gift to the women who gave them gifts just a month before. The tradition is believed to have been introduced by a marshmallow company in the 1960s.

South Korea





The traditional gift of candy takes place in Korea on February 14, but only from females to males. There is another special day for males to give gifts to females and this is celebrated on March 14. Very similar to the custom in Japan, March 14 in Korea is known as "White Day." On "White Day," many young men confess their love for the first time to their sweethearts. For those young people who have no particular romantic partners, the Koreans have set aside yet another date...April 14, also known as "Black Day." On that date, such individuals get together and partake of Jajang noodles, which are black in color, hence the name of the day.

Valentine's Day celebrations in Korea is quite akin to the Japanese observance of the festival. As in Japan, Korea witnesses gifting of chocolates and candies from females to males. The favor is returned the same way by the men on March 14, which is referred to as "White Day" similar to the custom in Japan. But "White Day" here is Valentine's day in its own right as many young men confess their love for the first time to their sweethearts on this occasion.

And then there is April 14, also known as "Black Day", which has been specially set aside for those young people who have no particular romantic partners. The curious name of the day probably comes from the fact that on this date, individuals who are not in any relationship get together and partake of Jajang noodles, which are black in color.

Scotland



In Scotland, Valentine's Day is celebrated with a festival. At this festival, there is an equal number of unmarried males and females, each of whom writes their name (or a made-up name) on a piece of paper which is then folded and placed into a hat…one hat for the ladies and one for the men. The females then draw a name from the hat containing the men's names and vice versa. Of course, it is highly likely that the two drawn

names will not match, in which event, it is usually expected that the male partner with the female who selected his name. This rite having been completed, the company split up into couples and gifts are given to the ladies. The females would then pin the name of their partner over their hearts or on their sleeves. A dance often follows and, at the end of the festival, it is not unusual for marriages to take place. According to another Scottish custom, the first young man or woman encountered by chance on the street or elsewhere will become that individual's valentine. Valentine's Day gifts in Scotland are frequently given by both parties in the form of a love-token or true-love-knot.

Spain



In Spain, it is customary for courting couples to exchange gifts on Valentine's Day and for husbands to send their wives bouquets of roses.

Although not a traditional Spanish holiday, St. Valentine's Day in Spain is celebrated, like in most of the countries, with all kinds of sweet heart-shaped gifts, bouquets of flowers, cards and romantic dinners at fancy restaurants. Shop

windows are decorated with hearts in all shades of red and pink, bars and cafes are getting creative with Valentine-themed offerings, and many events are organized throughout the country. However, what's really interesting about St. Valentine's Day in Spain is that certain regions have their own versions of the holiday, usually celebrated with great fanfare and peculiar traditions.

- 1. For people from Valencia, the most romantic day of the year is the 9th of October, when they celebrate both the Day of the Valencian Community as well as the Day of Saint Dionysius (Sant Dionís), locally known as the patron saint of lovers. This is a public holiday marked by many festivities and colorful costume parades held in the main plaza of every town and village. A distinctive tradition on the Day of Saint Dionysius is the custom of offering ladies a Mocadora (Mocaorà) as a sign of love and appreciation. This traditional gift consists of a nice package of marzipan figurines handcrafted by local confectioners and then wrapped up in an elegant piece of silk.
- 2. In Barcelona and the whole Catalonia, couples rejoice their love on April 23, when the nation celebrates St. George's Day or La Diada de Sant Jordi Catalonia's national day. This public holiday is also known as El Dia de la Rosa (The Day of the Rose) or El Dia del Llibre (The Day of the Book) and the main event is the exchange of gifts, usually, roses and books, hence the Catalan saying "A rose for love and a book forever". As expected, during this time of year, a myriad of stalls selling roses and books are set up all over the region, public squares are brought to life by all sorts of performers and most of the bookstores and cafes organize readings. Moreover, this is the day when Barcelona's Palau de la Generalitat opens its doors to the public.
- 3. Convinced that this is a holiday invented to boost consumerism, Spaniards often refer to Valentine's Day as the Día de El Corte Inglés (Day of Corte Inglés), their main

La Diada de Sant Jordi

But Spain actually has another 'lovers day' that I think has a far better case for celebration. St. George's Day, the same day that is celebrated not nearly enough in England even though it is our patron saint too. But as I said, Spain loves a saint, and they do it properly here.

Many countries have Saint George as their patron saint and most celebrate it on April 23rd (the accepted date of Saint George's death in 303 AD).

Though Saint George was real and did some pretty gallant stuff, the story of him slaying the dragon and saving the princess is of course legend. But that still makes St. George's Day far more romantic. La Diada de Sant Jordi

In Catalonia, it is called La Diada de Sant Jordi, also known as El Dia de Rosa (The Day of the Rose) or El Dia del Llibre (The Day of the Book) and is a public holiday. The main event is the exchange of gifts between loved ones. Roses have been associated with this day since medieval times but more recently the giving of books is the custom. This came about in the 20th century as some bright spark of a bookseller realized that Josep Pla (1897-1981), Miguel Cervantes(1547-1616) and William Shakespeare (1564-1616), all great proponents of the written word had all died on the same day, April 23rd. Again, far more valid a celebration in my opinion.

So, please do celebrate Valentine's Day if you so wish. I wouldn't want to be the reason for any break-ups. But let's make sure we celebrate St. Georges Day too. In my eyes a far more valid day for the celebration of love and literature. And

it will make up for the poor job they did of it in England when I was growing up.

Taiwan



Valentine's Day is celebrated in Taiwan on February 14, but there is also a special Valentine's Day on July 7 of the lunar calendar, based on an ancient Chinese folktale. Both dates are equally as important. Many men purchase expensive bouquets of roses and other flowers for their sweethearts on these days. According to Taiwan tradition, the color and number of the roses hold much significance. For example, one red rose means "an only love," eleven roses means "a favorite," ninety-nine roses means "forever," and one hundred eight roses means "marry me."

Taiwan celebrates the idea of love three times a year by including the Valentine's Day of February 14th and the Japanese White Day in addition to the traditional seventh day of the seventh month when singletons go to temples to burn incense and pray to meet a lovely significant other. On the February 14th Valentine's Day, Taipei 101 lights up a heart and malls everywhere are dotted with sales for your sweetie (Really, the US should be so inclusive— we could have tried stimulating the economy with Lunar New Year withdrawals to give each other money in red envelopes). Taiwan has also adopted White Day from Japan.

The traditional 7-7 day is the once-a-year meeting of the weaving maid and the cowherd across a bridge of magpies. It always rains on the seventh day of the seventh lunar month, since the couple is said to be crying at their reunion. This past summer I got to visit a temple to observe the dances and sniff the incense celebrating the 7-7 day.

In spite of all these modern celebrations of love, traditional Chinese love stories as far as my limited knowledge allows are rather grim. The love stories all end unhappily. An emperor falls for a mistress-spy from one of his conquered kingdoms, who costs him the empire. A fairy falls for a human and ends up forced to return to heaven alone. The one happy story was based on a real-life artist-poet who infiltrated a household so he could woo one of the daughters and make her his wife (in real life she was his ninth wife.) It is said that the abundance of sad stories is because people there love to cry at a good tragedy.

So people in Taiwan have three days to either feel bitter, depressed, and lonely, or nervous, warm and fuzzy.

Whether you're in a cozy couple or single and free, I hope you had a lovely Valentine's Day with lots of love.

South Africa



Valentine's Day in South Africa is celebrated with great passion and enthusiasm. The day is celebrated on 14th February every year. The craze and verve for the festival are like any other festival in South Africa. The geographical location of the country has made it one of the most romantic destinations. Thousands of tourists get attracted to the beauty of the place when it comes to celebrating the festival of love. A large number of tourists throng the beaches and other romantic places in South Africa to celebrate Valentine's day.

Valentine's Tradition in South Africa

The most commonly observed tradition includes going out on a romantic date with one's Valentine. Young couples make it traditional to celebrate the day at a very romantic place. Also, young girls celebrate the occasion by following an oldage Roman festival of 'Lupercalia'. According to this traditional festival, young girls pin their lover's name on their sleeves. In some places, men also follow this custom.

Valentine Celebrations in South Africa

Valentine's Day celebrations begin well in advance in South Africa. Shops and marketplaces are beautifully adorned with fragrant flowers, love symbols like cupid, love birds, hearts and in traditional African style decorations. Week-long parties and celebrations take place in various clubs and hotels. These activities highlight the tradition and South African culture. People totally indulge themselves in African culture and art to celebrate the occasion of Valentine. Be it an old man of 60 or a young lass of 16, the joy of celebrating

love is the same in everybody.

Different events take place in various parts of South Africa. All the discotheques, pubs and restaurants are completely booked. South Africans, as well as tourists, attend huge balls where they match their dancing steps and flow in the Valentine mood with different alcoholic beverages. People of South Africa like to visit wildlife parks and sanctuaries with their friends and families. Many other events like river rafting, mountaineering amidst the exotic islands of Cape Town and Johannesburg are the main attraction of the day. Luxurious resorts give the most enthralling view and rated as one of the best places to spend a romantic evening. Apart from this, a very popular small coastal village Hermanus is just the place to be. Grand festivities are marked in the city of Durban, where innumerable tourists flock in large numbers.

India



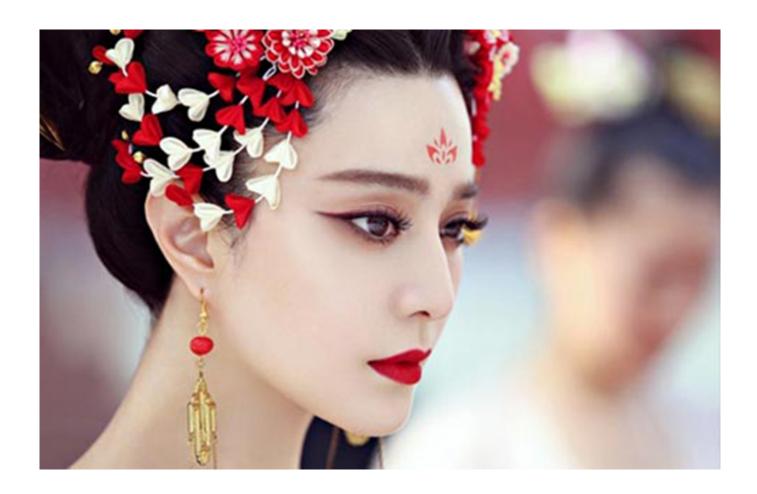
Valentine's Day celebration is a recent phenomenon in India but has caught the fancy of people to a great extent. Though some see it as a western import and hesitate to celebrate, there exists a large and growing number of those who love the feeling behind the beautiful and romantic festival. Especially to the Indian youth February 14 signifies love — a day when people express their affection for others. Just like several other countries, people in India too celebrate Valentine's Day

by exchanging cards and gifts.

The euphoria of Valentine's Day festival can be experienced weeks before the festival. Television, radio and print media start creating a hype about the festival by covering all facets of it. Gift marketers and card companies launch a rigorous campaign to lure youngsters. Card and gift shops are interestingly decorated with symbols of Valentine's Day including roses, cupid, and heart-shaped balloons. Shopping malls in metropolitan cities organize fun-filled competitions and distribute discount coupons to lure consumers.

On February 14, Valentine's Day restaurants, discos, Cineplex, pubs and pizza parlors see a particularly busy time as couples celebrate the day in togetherness. Many boys and girls even propose to their sweetheart on this romantic day. People also express love to their friends, teachers, siblings, and parents. Popular Valentine's Day gifts exchanged in India include chocolates, fresh flowers, cards, soft toys, and candies. These are also clubbed with several other gifts to pamper sweethearts.

China



People in China to have a day devoted to love but it is quite different from Valentine's Day festival as seen in other parts of the world. Chinese Valentine's Day falls on the 7th day of the 7th lunar month in the Chinese Calendar. Hence the day is also called as 'Festival of the Double Sevens' or Qi Xi — 'The Night of Sevens'. The other popular name for the Chinese

Valentine's Day is 'Seven Sister's Festival' and 'Daughter's Festival'.

The legend behind Chinese Valentine's Day

There is a very interesting legend behind the festival of Valentine's Day in China. The story goes that there once lived an orphaned poor boy called Niu Lang with his brother and sister-in-law. The handsome boy owned an old ox that he worked on the field every day. The ox is said to be an immortal from the Paradise who was punished for mistakes in heaven and send on earth as an ox. The ox liked the cowherd and one day he said to Niu Lang, "You are a nice person. If you want to get married, go to the river and your wish will come true."

When the Cowherd went to the stream he saw all the seven beautiful daughters of the Emperor who had come down from Heaven to take a bath. Niu Lang was captivated by the beauty of the youngest daughter **Zhi Nu** and secretly took away her fairy clothes. Without her fairy clothes, the youngest daughter could not fly back to heaven along with her sisters. The cowherd asked the fairy that he would return her clothes if she promised to marry him. The girl coyly agreed to marry the cowherd. They lived happily married for several years and had two children.

One day, the ox felt that his last day was near. He told the cowherd that he should keep his hide for the urgent situation after he dies. Meanwhile, the Emperor began to miss his seventh daughter. He sent Zhi Nu's grandmother to bring her back from the earth. The grandmother succeeded in bringing Zhi

Nu back to heaven. While the 7th Princess was being taken away to heaven, the cowboy wore the ox hide and carried his two children in the two bamboo baskets with his wife's old fairy clothes and chased his wife in the sky. To keep the lovers separated forever the grandmother created a Milky Way between them. The seventh princess has moved to the star Vega in the Lyra (Harp) constellation while the cowherd with his two children stayed in the star Altair (Flying one) in the Aquila (Eagle) constellation. The star Vega is therefore popularly known by the name of the Weaving Maid Star whereas the star Altair as the Cowherd Star in China. The mother took pity and two were allowed to meet only once a year on the 7th day of the 7th lunar month. It is believed that on this specific day magpies form a bridge with their wings for Zhi Nu to cross to meet her husband.

Celebrations of Chinese Valentine's Day

The celebrations of Chinese Valentine's Day or Qi Qiao Jie — the seventh eve is quite different from usual Valentine's Day celebration we see in rest of the world. There are specific and colorful rituals for the day besides the usual exchange of flowers, cards, and chocolates as tokens of love between lovers.

Following the tradition, lovers visit the **Temple of Matchmaker** on the Chinese Valentine's Day and pray for their love and happiness and their possible marriage. Singles too visit the temple on the day and ask for their luck in love.

Chinese Valentine Day is also known as the Daughter's Festival. Chinese girls always wished to learn a good

handcrafting skill like the weaving maid. On the night of the Chinese Valentine's Day, unmarried girls offer prayers to the Weaving Maid star and seek blessings to become smarter. When the star Vega is high up in the sky, girls perform a test by putting a needle on the water surface. If the needle doesn't sink, it's a sign of a girl's maturity and smartness indicating she is eligible to find a husband. The girl who passes the test may ask for any one wish. It is also traditional for young girls in China to demonstrate their domestic arts, especially melon carving, on this day. Chinese Valentine's Day is therefore also known as The Festival to Plead for Skills, The Seventh Sister's Birthday and The Night of Skills.

In some provinces of China, people decorate the ox's horn by flowers on the Chinese Valentine Day in a belief that the ritual will save them from catastrophe. Following the age-old tradition women also wash hair to make them look fresh and shining. Children wash their face the next morning using the overnight water for a more natural and beautiful look.

Stargazers celebrate the festival by looking up at star Vega on the east of the Milky Way which represents Zhi Nu, and at the constellation Aquila, on the west side of the Milky Way, where Niu Lang waits for his lover to join him.

Israel



Tu B'Av, the Jewish Day of Love

Tu B'Av, the 15th Day of Av, is both an ancient and modern holiday. Originally a post-biblical day of joy, it served as a matchmaking day for unmarried women in the Second Temple period (before the fall of Jerusalem in 70 C.E.). Tu B'Av was

almost unnoticed in the Jewish calendar for many centuries but it has been rejuvenated in recent decades, especially in the modern state of Israel. In its modern incarnation, it is gradually becoming a Hebrew-Jewish Day of Love, slightly resembling Valentine's Day in English-speaking countries.

There is no way to know exactly how early Tu B'Av began. The first mention of this date is in the Mishnah (compiled and edited in the end of the second century), where Rabban Shimon ben Gamliel is quoted saying, "There were no better (i.e. happier) days for the people of Israel than the Fifteenth of Av and Yom Kippur since on these days the daughters of Israel/Jerusalem go out dressed in white and dance in the vineyards. What were they saying: Young man, consider whom you choose (to be your wife)?"

The Gemara (the later, interpretive layer of the Talmud) attempts to find the origin of this date as a special joyous day and offers several explanations. One of them is that on this day the Biblical "tribes of Israel were permitted to mingle with each other," namely: to marry women from other tribes (Talmud, Ta'anit 30b). This explanation is somewhat surprising, since nowhere in the Bible is there a prohibition on "intermarriage" among the 12 tribes of Israel. This Talmudic source probably is alluding to a story in the book of Judges (chapter 21): After a civil war between the tribe of Benjamin and other Israelite tribes, the tribes vowed not to intermarry with men of the tribe of Benjamin.

It should be noted that Tu B'Av, like several Jewish holidays (Passover, Sukkot, Tu Bishvat) begins on the night between the 14th and 15th day of the Hebrew month since this is the night of a full moon in our lunar calendar. Linking the night of a full moon with romance, love, and fertility is not uncommon in ancient cultures.

I Love You in Different Languages

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Afrikaans:
Ek is lief vir jou
Ek het jou lief
Albanian:
Te dua
Amharic:
Afekrishalehou
Arabic:
Ana Behibak (to a male)
Ana Behibek (to a female)
Basc:
Nere Maitea
Bavarian:
I mog di narrisch gern
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Bengali :
Ami tomake bhalobashi
Berber:
Lakh tirikh
Bicol:
Namumutan ta ka
Bulgarian :
Obicham te
Cambodian :
kh_nhaum soro_lahn nhee_ah
Bon sro lanh oon
Cantonese:
Ngo oi ney
Catalan:
T'estim (mallorcan)
T'estime (valencian)
T'estimo (catalonian)
T'estim molt (I love you a lot)
Chinese:
Wo ie ni (Manderin)
Croatian:
Volim te (most common), or
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Ja te volim (less common)
Czech:
miluji te
Danish:
Jeg elsker dig
Dutch:
Ik hou van jou
Estonian:
Mina armastan sind
Esperanto:
Mi amas vin
Persian (Farsi):
Tora dust midaram
Flemish:
Ik zie oe geerne
Finnish:
Mina" rakastan sinua
French:
Je t'aime
Friesian:
Ik bin fereale op dy
Ik ha^ld fan dy (Most commonly used phrase)
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Gaelic:
Ta gra agam ort
German:
Ich liebe Dich
I mog Di ganz arg! (Suebian: South German dialekt.)
Greek:
S' ayapo
Gujarati:
Tane Prem Karoo Choo
Hausa:
Ina sonki
Hebrew:
aNEE oHEIVET oTKHA (female to male)
aNEE oHEIV otAKH (male to female)
Ani ohev at (man to woman)
Ani ohevet atah (woman to man)
Hindi:
Mein Tumse Pyar Karta Hoon (man to woman)
Mein Tumse Pyar Karti Hoon (woman to man)
Hokkien:
Wa ai lu
Hopi :
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Nu' umi unangwa'ta
Hungarian :
Szeretlek te'ged
Icelandic:
?g elska ßig
Indonesian :
Saya cinta padamu
Saya Cinta Kamu
Aku tjinta padamu
Saja kasih saudari
Italian :
Ti amo
Irish:
taim i'ngra leat
Japanese :
Kimi o ai shiteru
Sukiyo
Kannada:
Naanu ninnanu preethisuthene
Naanu ninnanu mohisuthene
Kazakh:
Men seny jaksy kuremyn
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Kiswahili :
Nakupenda
Korean:
Tangsinul sarang ha yo
Kurdish:
Ez te hezdikhem
Latin:
Te amo
Vos amo
Lao:
Khoi huk chau
Latvian :
Es Tev milu
Lingala:
Nalingi yo
Lithuanian:
Ash miliu tave
Luo:
Aheri
Madrid lingo:
Me molas, tronca
Malay/Indonesian:
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Saya cintakan awak(awak=kamu=you)
Aku sayang engkau (engkau=kamu=you)
Malay:
Saya cintamu
Saya sayangmu
Malayalam:
Ngan ninne snaehikkunnu
Njyaan ninne' preetikyunnu
Njyaan ninne' mohikyunnu
Marathi:
Mi tuzya var prem karato
Me tujhashi prem karto (male to female)
Me tujhashi prem karte (female to male)
Maltese:
Inhobbok
Mandarin :
Wo ai ni
Mohawk:
Konoronhkwa
Navajo:
Ayor anosh'ni
Ndebele :
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Norwegian :
Jeg elsker deg (Bokmaal)
Eg elskar deg (Nynorsk)
Pakistani :
Mujhe tumse muhabbat hai
Persian:
Tora dost daram
Pilipino:
Mahal Kita
Iniibig Kita
Polish:
Ja Cie Kocham or Kocham Cie (Pronounced Yacha kocham)
Portuguese:
Eu te amo
Punjabi:
Main tainu pyar karna (male to female)
Mai taunu pyar kardi aan (female to male)
Romanian:
Te iu besc
Russian:
Ya lyublyu tebya
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Niyakutanda

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Ya vas lyublyu
Scot Gaelic :
Tha gra\dh agam ort
Serbian :
Volim te (most common), or
Ja te volim" (less common)
Shona:
Ndinokuda
Sioux :
Techihhila
Slovak:
Lubim ta
Slovene:
Ljubim te
Spanish:
Te amo
Swahili :
Nakupenda
Swedish:
Jag a"lskar dig
Swiss-German:
Ch'ha di ga"rn
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Tagalog:
Mahal kita
Taiwanese:
Gwa ai lee
Tamil:
Naan Unnai Kadhalikiren
Telugu:
Ninnu premistunnanu
Neenu ninnu pra'mistu'nnanu
Nenu ninnu premistunnanu
Thai:
Phom Rak Khun
Ch'an Rak Khun
Tunisian:
Ha eh bak
Turkish:
Seni seviyorum!
Urdu:
Mujhe tumse muhabbat hai
Vietnamese:
Anh ye^u em (man to woman)
Em ye^u anh (woman to man)
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Toi yeu em

Vlaams:

Ik hou van jou

Welsh:

'Rwy'n dy garu di.

Yr wyf i yn dy garu di (chwi)

Yiddish:

Ikh hob dikh lib

Zazi:

Ezhele hezdege (sp?)

Zuni:

Tom ho' ichema
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Jamie Oliver & Michelle Phan's Romantic Meal | Ricotta Fritters

Vegan Valentine's Day Meal!

https://youtu.be/yBTlZ5Q9BzI



Hugs and Kisses with Love Balloon &

Chocolates

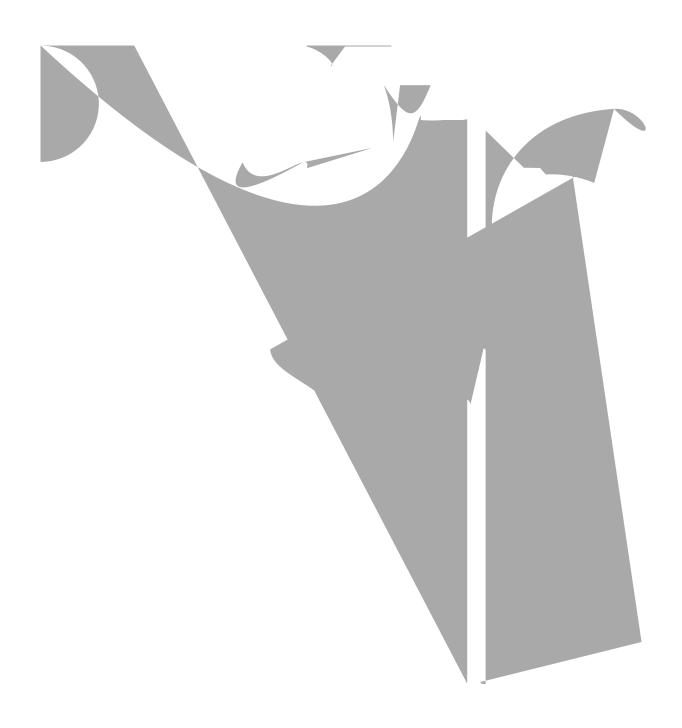


This Valentine's Day, delight your love with a gift that will tickle all the senses. A beautiful bouquet of bright white chrysanthemums, precious pink carnations, and romantic red roses is gathered in a radiant red vase and paired with a sweet love balloon and chocolates



Forever beloved

Forever beloved. Forever in your heart. Forever close to you. That is what this beautiful rose arrangement symbolizes. A shared life. Or a shared sacred moment. All will be dignified beautifully with this loving gift of roses in a classic urn. 16 red roses are arranged with beautiful eucalyptus and a lovely ming vase. Say it with flowers, when no words will speak the feelings in your heart.





What do doctors say about eyelash growth and enhancement techniques?

What do doctors say about eyelash growth and enhancement techniques?



On week 335 we are sharing what do doctors say about eyelash growth and enhancement techniques? Thank you for your visits, likes, and shares. So many of you have been with us for so many years we very grateful for it, thank you from all of us.

An introduction to eyelash hypotrichosis and why women are trying to grow longer eyelashes.

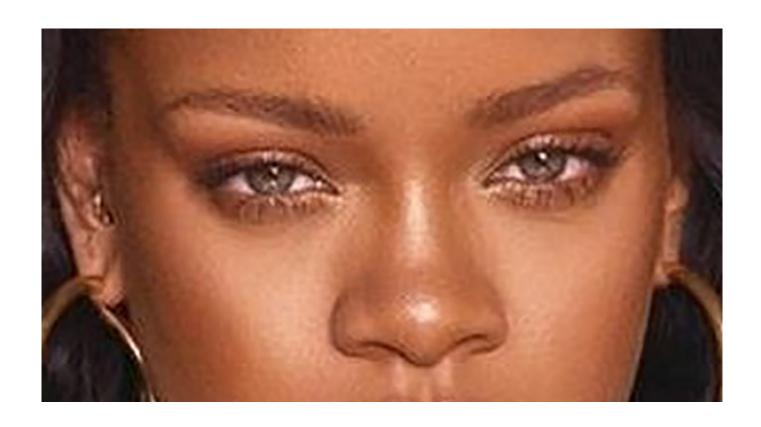
What causes eyelash hypotrichosis?

- Summary: Eyelash hypotrichosis is defined as having lower than average length, thickness, and/or a number of eyelashes. Causes of eyelash hypotrichosis include hereditary, aging, chemotherapy, medical treatment, eye surgery, and physical trauma.
- https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2861943/
 - Causes of eyelashes hypotrichosis are many, including hereditary, aging, chemotherapy, other medical treatment and unknown causes. Physical trauma involving the face, eye surgery, and trichotillomania may also cause thin or absent lash growth
- https://www.latisse.com/FAQs.aspx
 - Eyelash hypotrichosis is the medical name for having inadequate or not enough lashes. Eyelash hypotrichosis is defined as having lower than average length, thickness and/or the number of eyelashes.
- https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4828511/
 - Physiologically, during the period of premenopause in women density of estrogen in the blood lowers with the natural rise of androgen concentration, which might be the cause of androgenic hair loss.

There are lots of "tips" on how to grow your eyelashes online. Some of them definitely have no scientific evidence behind it at all and some of them are just commercial advertising, so it would be great to get some professional opinions on them.

A brief introduction to the doctor: Dr. Sandy Skotnicki https://g.co/kgs/8fmqtJ

prevalent tips for growing eyelashes on the Internet



1 Coconut oil

Online sources: Not only is coconut oil nutritious, it is also a miracle product for your body, especially as a treatment for dry hair and <a href="https://dry.natural.new.org/dry.natural.new.org/dry.new.org/dry.natural.new.org/dry.

encourage growth in hair, and I recently found out that the same principle applies to eyelashes. So I got myself some virgin 100% organic coconut oil to find out what the fuss is about.

What does the doctor say?

"There is no scientific data to support the use of coconut for prevention of eyelash loss or to help the eyelashes grow longer. Applying vaseline around the eyes can cause inflammation/irritation for some people"

2. Castor oil

What does the doctor say?

it is really the only herbal treatment shown in limited research to potentially improve hair loss and women use it for regrowing eyelashes and eyebrows.

3. Cutting eyelashes so that it will grow stronger and longer

What does the doctor say?

"There is no data on this."

Medical Treatments for Eyelash Growth



1. <u>Bimatoprost (Latisse)</u>

Approved source Hair follicles have a cyclical behavior pattern. The growth phase of the eyelash lasts approximately 30 days. Although the exact mechanism is unknown, it is believed that Latisse increases the proportion of hair follicles in the growth phase of the hair cycle.

The most common side effects include an itching sensation, eye redness, skin darkening, eye irritation, dryness of the eyes,

and redness of the eyelids. While very infrequent, increased brown iris pigmentation of the colored part of the eye has occurred, which is likely to be permanent.

https://www.latisse.com/FAQs.aspx

http://www.latisse.com/SafetyAndSideEffects.aspx,Latisse
prescribing information

- The most common side effects after using LATISSE® solution are an itching sensation in the eyes and/or eye redness. This was reported in approximately 4% of patients in the clinical study. LATISSE® solution may cause other less common side effects, which typically occur on the skin close to where LATISSE®
- is applied or in the eyes. These include skin darkening, eye irritation, dryness of the eyes and redness of the eyelids.
- This is one of the most common questions I get asked. LATISSE® use may cause increased brown iris pigmentation of the colored part of the eye which is likely to be permanent. While very infrequent, increased iris pigmentation has occurred when LATISSE® solution was administered. Do not apply LATISSE® in your eye or to the lower lid. Ask your doctor for complete application instructions.

What does our doctor say?

It's "clinically proven". Latisse or the drug Bimatoprost can thicken and lengthen fine hairs — eyelashes and in some cases eyebrows when used regularly. This is because the hair follicle stays in a growth cycle for a longer period of time before it is shed.

Non-medical options to boost eyelash appearance

1. Extension

Online source: A basic set (typically 70 to 80 lashes per eye) can range anywhere from \$100 to \$400 and because eyelashes grow and eventually fall out, you've got to go back every few weeks for fill-ins, which can cost anywhere from \$50 to \$165, depending on how many new lashes you need.

What does the doctor say?

Eyelash extensions can damage the natural lash. some women may be allergic to or develop an allergy to the adhesive that is used.

2. Lash-boosting mascara Mascara

Online Source: A blend of arginine, acid proteins, and Pro-Vitamin B5, etc helps eyelashes grow.

What does the doctor say?

"There is no scientific evidence to back them up."

Summary

There are too many unverified "facts" floating on the internet. It's always advised to consult a "true" doctor online or offline.

Additional Q&A to Consider

1. In terms of diet, what can we do to naturally grow stronger, fuller lashes? What foods should we be eating, and what in those foods is helping hair growth? How does

that process work?

What does the doctor say?

From review article on supplements and hair growth https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6380979/#

Eyelashes are continuously lost and replaced. The growth phase is typically around 3 months and then the hair follicle sheds the hair and a new one grows. A diet with supplements that help with hair growth would be beneficial, but the science is scant.

Unfortunately, there is a lot of information on the internet about biotin in the diet (eggs are high in biotin) as well as biotin supplements for hair growth — but there is little scientific evidence that biotin improves hair growth in normal individuals.

There is some evidence that selenium may help hair growth. A study showed newly forming hairs take up selenium after receiving trace elements in the blood. Brazil nuts are rich in selenium. But too much selenium can make hair brittle.

Vitamin D can be helpful in patients who have hair shedding on the scalp. The research is unclear for eyelashes. Foods high in vitamin D include fatty fish, beef liver, cheese, and mushrooms.

At the present time, there is insufficient research to suggest zinc, riboflavin, folic acid or Vit B 12 rich foods help with hair growth.

1. How can makeup affect the health of our lashes? What steps can we take to prevent negative effects, and are there specific ingredients we should avoid? Are there

any types of makeup or ingredients that are healthful for our lashes?

What does the doctor say?

Mascara can damage the eyelashes if not removed nightly and it builds up. It can lead to loss of eyelashes. Using eyelash curlers that are not cleaned can also lead to loss as the eyelashes can stick. I counsel to avoid extensions; the glue can lead to loss of natural eyelashes and at times allergic reactions. Some oils can moisturize the eyelashes like castor oil but there is no evidence they lead to increased growth.

2. Why is using an eyelash comb important? What does an eyelash comb actually do in terms of making your lashes more luscious?

What does the doctor say?

I would not say they are vital to the eyelash health, but they can impart a bit of a curl and help separate lashes for easier application of mascara.

3. What should we avoid if we want to naturally grow thicker, longer lashes? Why?

What does the doctor say?

Trauma to the eyelashes via curlers and mascara that is not removed regularly. Wearing waterproof mascara routinely which is harder to remove again can lead to trauma and loss of eyelashes.

4. How effective are the following home remedies to apply to the eyelashes for growth? Which ones might actually

help, and which ones should be avoided?

What does the doctor say?

Moisturizing your eyelashes just like your hair can make it more subtle and if it is less dry or brittle will keep it healthier. Avoid products with a multitude of ingredients that could irritate the delicate eye area. Castor oil is a good option for moisturizer.

EVEDARE Advanced Eyelash Growth
Serum with Enhancing Peptides and
Botanical Vitamins for Longer,
Thicker, Fuller Lashes, Natural
Extracts Improve Strength, Reduce

Brittlene





Luxury Lash Enhancing Serum — EVEDARE eyelash serum has been scientifically tested to produce stronger, thicker lashes with fuller volume in just weeks thanks to the all-natural plant extracts and essential vitamins your lashes need.

Promote Healthy, Active Growth — Packed with Gingko Biloba, Bergamot, and Red Onion extracts our lash growth serum works to nourish hair and enhance circulation from root to tip while creating thicker, fuller results you'll love.

<u>LiLash Purified Eyelash Physician-</u> <u>Formulated Serum for Fuller & Longer Looking Eyelashes</u>







PHYSICIAN FORMULATED SERUM — Using groundbreaking technology and a unique formula blended with the finest ingredients, LiLash conditions and nourishes follicles to boost the appearance of length, thickness and curl of your lashes so that you can be your best, authentic self 90-DAY SUPPLY (2mL) — Use for 90 DAYS for FULL RESULTS! In less time than it takes to swipe on a single coat of mascara, transform your very own lashes into LiLashes, by using LiLash

Purifying Eyelash Serum. Your LiLashes will begin to wake up

around 4 weeks and reach full bloom in 60-90 days